

UPS International Alcohol Shipping Guide



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Reach more customers around the world and cash in on a growing international market. UPS can help you expand your business across the globe.

UPS provides a bundle of technology and service options that provide the wine industry the ability to expand into new markets, grow revenues and contain costs while helping the delivery experience. Through UPS® technology integration, wine shippers are able to streamline the shipping process saving valuable time, while providing real-time tracking and notification to their customers to ensure a timely delivery that meets your customer's delivery expectations.



The Speed You Need

1-3 Day Service		
UPS Worldwide Express Plus®	Guaranteed one to three days by 8:30, 9:00 or 11:00 a.m., depending upon origin/destination	
UPS Worldwide Express®	Guaranteed one to three days by 10:30 a.m., 12:00 or 2:00 p.m., depending on origin/destination	
UPS Worldwide Express Freight®	Guaranteed one to three days by end of day, depending on origin/destination	
UPS Worldwide Saver®	Guaranteed delivery in one to three days by end of day, depending on origin/destination	
UPS Worldwide Express Freight® Midday	Guaranteed one to three days by 12:00 p.m. or 2:00 p.m., depending on origin/destination	
2-5 Day Service		
UPS Worldwide Expedited®	Guaranteed delivery in two to five days, depending on origin/destination	
By Date Scheduled		
UPS® Standard	Guaranteed day-definite ground delivery to/from Canada	

Visit ups.com or call 1-800-PICK-UPS® (1-800-742-5877) for guarantee details, service availability, delivery-time commitments or to request a pickup. Some shipments to and from certain locations may require additional time in transit.

Worldwide coverage to the countries where consumers want U.S. produced alcohol

The top five destinations for U.S. produced wines are Canada, United Kingdom, Japan, China and Hong Kong. UPS provides direct-to-consumer shipping to those and 46 other countries.

Direct to Consumer Destinations

Argentina	Czech Republic	Japan	Philippines
Aruba	Denmark	Liechtenstein	Portugal
Australia	Dominican Republic	Luxembourg	Romania
Austria	El Salvador	Macau	Singapore
Bahamas	Finland	Malta	Slovenia
Barbados	France	Mexico	South Africa
Belgium	Germany	Monaco	South Korea
Bermuda	Greece	Netherlands	Switzerland
Bulgaria	Guatemala	Netherlands Antilles	Taiwan
Canada	Hong Kong	New Zealand	Thailand
Cayman Islands	India	Norway	United Kingdom
China	Italy	Paraguay	Venezuela
Cyprus	Jamaica	Peru	

UPS Paperless® Invoice

Easier international shipping with less paper helps to streamline customs clearance

UPS Paperless® Invoice helps to promote sustainability and can help you simplify your paperwork by generally eliminating the need to submit, at the time of entry, a hard copy of the actual buyer-seller commercial invoice. It allows you to integrate order and shipment processing electronically, and it can help to streamline the customs clearance process through transmitting information digitally. UPS Paperless Invoice works seamlessly with all current UPS shipping systems. There is no need for additional software.

UPS Capital Elite™ for Vintners

Reap the benefits of shipping wine all year round

It weathered months in the elements. Then it was crushed, fermented, aged, bottled and lovingly watched over for years as it came to maturity. Doesn't your wine deserve our protection now? It's time to show the same level of care by protecting your wine with insurance coverage offered through UPS Capital Insurance Agency, Inc.

We're able to protect your in-transit wine shipments up to your selling cost against breakage and temperature-related issues, such as cork push or seepage. Choose transactional coverage for small package shipments with fees incorporated directly into your UPS® invoice. Or, customize a policy to cover larger shipments covering multiple modes, whether you ship within the U.S. or overseas.

Take the worry out of shipping wine year round. Move your wine off the shelves and into the hands of your customers, so you can reduce warehousing costs, drive revenue and get repeat sales.

Insurance is underwritten by an authorized insurance company and issued through licensed insurance producers affiliated with UPS Capital Insurance Agency, Inc. or licensed international UPS Capital insurance brokerages. UPS Capital Insurance Agency, Inc. and its licensed affiliates are wholly owned subsidiaries of UPS Capital Corporation. Insurance coverage may not be available in all jurisdictions.

Guidelines for good packaging

You can help to ensure that your wine arrives safely and on time with these packaging guidelines and procedures developed from UPS research. All shipments must meet UPS packaging requirements for wine. UPS will accept inner packaging of molded Expanded Polystyrene (EPS) foam, folded corrugated tray, or molded fiber tray. Each packaging component secures the bottles into the center of the shipping container away from the side walls of the shipper. Sturdy outer corrugated containers are required.

Polystyrene inner packaging with corrugated outer container

Pre-molded Polystyrene glass bottle shippers provide maximum inner protection for different type and shaped glass bottles. All Polystyrene packaging must be shipped inside an appropriate size outer corrugated box with all closure flaps sealed securely top and bottom with pressure sensitive tape.



Molded pulp or die-cut corrugated inner packaging with corrugated outer container

Molded pulp packaging should be pre-shipment tested by manufacturer to meet ISTA or UPS Package Design and Test Lab procedure requirements. All molded pulp or die-cut corrugated inner components must fit snugly inside an appropriate size outer corrugated box with all closure flaps sealed securely top and bottom with pressure sensitive tape.



International Guidelines

Accounts must have an International Special Commodity Alcohol agreement in place before sending alcohol shipments. All shipments of alcohol must be processed for shipment with a UPS-compatible shipping solution such as UPS WorldShip® 2017 or any approved third-party vendor system. All shipments also require an international airwaybill, a detailed commercial invoice and all B2C shipments must have the UPS Delivery Confirmation Adult Signature Required service.

UPS shall provide the ISC Service pursuant to the *UPS International Alcohol Shipping Guide*. UPS shall have the right to unilaterally modify or amend any requirements for international wine and/or alcohol shipments and/or the *UPS International Alcohol Shipping Guide* at any time, without prior notice, and for any reason, including to reflect changes in applicable law. The effective versions of such amendments and the *UPS International Alcohol Shipping Guide* will be found on this page. Customer shall be responsible for keeping up-to-date with, and continuing to comply with, any changes that are made from time-to-time to any documentation, labeling, packaging or other requirements or restrictions referenced in the *UPS International Alcohol Shipping Guide*. It is the shipper's responsibility to know and comply with all applicable international laws and regulations.

Every alcohol shipment's commercial invoice description and alcohol label requires the following information, and in addition, items listed below for the specific country:

a) Merchandise description in detail (include date of production); b) Quantity, including number of containers (bottles or cans) and total liters in shipment; c) Packing Specification (in bottle, can or etc.); d) Brand; e) Origin / Producing area; f) Alcohol % (Strength); g) Harmonized Tariff Code (commercial invoice); h) Winery information (wine); i) Malt concentration (beer); and j) If shipment is for commercial use, or is shipment for personal consumption and not for resale/commercial use (commercial invoice).

Common Requirements: European Union (EU) exports to non-EU countries under duty suspension are not permitted unless the export declaration is completed by the shipper ahead of time.

When shipping internationally to a country in the European Union, consider the following:

The contractual service covers the customs clearance of alcohol at the port of entry where duty, VAT, and excise duty must be paid. A customs clearance of alcohol for free circulation with a subsequent transport of alcohol under the excise duty suspension regime is not possible unless stated otherwise below. The customs clearance in the EU country and the subsequent transport to another EU member state is not part of the service unless otherwise stated.

Alcoholic beverages are subject to excise duty. Excise duty will usually apply on the amount of beverage in the shipment and the percentage of alcohol. The calculation of excise duty for beer depends on the destination country. Some countries calculate on percentage of alcohol, and others on degree of Plato. The information must be shown on the invoice to help determine the excise duty.

The Importation of wine and wine products are subject to the inclusion of a:

Certificate showing drawn up by a competent body, included on a list to be made public by the Commission, in the product's country of origin.

An analysis report drawn up by a body or department designated by the product's country of origin, in so far as the product is intended for direct human consumption.

No certificate or analysis report needs to be presented for products originating in and exported from third countries in labeled containers of not more than five liters fitted with a non-reusable closing device where the total quantity transported, whether or not made up of separate consignments, does not exceed 100 liters.

The import of wine and wine products is regulated by a market organization of the European Union with rules on labeling and presentation of wine and additional documentation. The labels of wine and wine products have to show some of the following compulsory particulars like the category of the product (e.g., 'wine', 'sparkling wine', liquor wine'), the protected designation or protected geographical indication if the wine has such a protection, the actual alcohol strength by volume, an indication of provenance, an indication of the bottler or an indication of the producer or vendor in case of 'sparkling wine' and other product categories of sparkling wine. The rules are stated in EU regulation 2009/491. The regulation can be checked on the EU website http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html.

Each destination has different distinctions between a direct to business or consumer shipment. Generally speaking when a business is listed as the Importer of Record (IOR) it is considered a business delivery. If the IOR is an individual it is considered a consumer shipment.

Other criteria that some countries use, is the delivery address being a commercial location and if a license is provided.

Consumer shipments are typically destined to a residential address and the terms "not for resale or for personal consumption only" are listed.

	Shipping to Businesses	Shipping to Consumers
Country	Guidelines for Shipping to Businesses (Licensees)	Guidelines for Shipping to Individuals (Consumers)
Argentina Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Shipments are subject to the following limitations: • A maximum declared value of no more than USD 1,000 • A maximum weight no greater than 50 kilograms • Each shipment must include the consignee's Tax ID number	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
Aruba Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	(CUIT/CUIL) to be released by customs No additional requirements for wine or beer shipments. For B2B liquor shipments the consignee must be registered in Aruba. Import duties will be determined by liters being imported. Government inspection may be required.	No additional restrictions.
Australia Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	UPS only delivers to New South Wales, Victoria, Australian Capital Territory, South Australia, Western Australia and Tasmania. UPS cannot deliver to Queensland and Northern Territories due to certain communities' local alcohol regulations. Import permit label on bottle must include: • Fluid measurement • Trade commerce marking • Ingredients • Distribution in Australia • Manufacturer Do not include: • "Low alcohol", "non-alcoholic", "non-intoxicating" • Health or nutritional content claims, other than energy or carbohydrate content Brandy, rum or whisky must be matured in wood for a minimum of two years before delivery from Customs control. A Maturation Certificate should be obtained. Refer to AUSTRALIAN CUSTOMS NOTICE NO. 2007/19	Same as Licensee to Licensee Guidelines UPS only delivers to New South Wales, Victoria, Australian Capital Territory, South Australia, Western Australia and Tasmania. UPS cannot deliver to Queensland and Northern Territories due to certain communities' local alcohol regulations. For more than 0.5% ethanol by volume liquor, labels must include: • Alcohol content as a proportion of the liquor (in compliance with the measurement markings under National Trade Measurement Regulations 2009 Cth) • Number of standard drinks per package • Lot of identification • Directions for use and storage if the nature of the liquor warrants such directions for health and safety reasons • Information must be in English, other languages may be in the label but must not contradict information in English Exemptions of labeling requirements: • Wine bottled prior to 20, December 2002, with a shelf-life in over 12 months can be exempted as long as it complies with the requirements at the date of bottling.
Austria Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Alcoholic beverages cannot be sold and delivered to under-aged persons (16 to 18 years, depending on the type of alcoholic beverage). The consignor is responsible to verify the age of the consignee prior to shipping. Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the European Union.	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
Bahamas	Original Invoice with Company Logo is required. UPS WorldShip®	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	invoices will not be accepted.	
Barbados Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Licensee to Licensee guidelines: Formal entry. No Restrictions nor certificate needed. No limit on alcohol content or amount of bottles. Invoices must always state volume of alcohol as well as the size of the bottle. Import duty and excise tax rates vary.	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
Belgium Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	A transit in bond from the port of entry to the customer or his broker is not an option. Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the European Union.	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Duty is paid based on the alcohol content amount. Invoice needs to state the size of the bottle and the percentage of alcohol content. Invoice cannot be a UPS WorldShip invoice.	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
Bulgaria Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the European Union.	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).

	Shipping to Businesses	Shipping to Consumers
Country	Guidelines for Shipping to Businesses (Licensees)	Guidelines for Shipping to Individuals (Consumers)
Canada Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	All B2B orders of alcohol have to be placed through the local liquor boards.	Alberta: Alcohol shipments can only be sent Air (Express or Express Saver). The Importer of Record (IOR) on the commercial invoice must be the person that purchased the alcohol and no other goods except alcohol can be included in the shipment. There is a maximum of 45 liters of alcohol which can be imported per 90 days and a levy that is applied on foreign alcohol. Documentation for shipments over 6 liters must be processed by the Alberta Gaming and Liquor Commission (AGLC), all other shipments are cleared by the receiver. For all shipments, a commercial invoice and proof of payment is required from the supplier.
		British Columbia: Alcohol shipments can be sent using ground or air services. The Importer of Record (IOR) on the commercial invoice is the British Columbia Liquor Control Board (BCLCB) care of (c/o) the consignee, and no other goods except alcohol can be included in the shipment. There is a maximum of 45 liters of alcohol which can be imported per day, and there is a levy that is applied on foreign alcohol. The BCLCB will work with consignee to collect all charges and advise when UPS can deliver the shipment.
		Quebec: Alcohol shipments can only be sent Air (Express or Express Saver). The Importer of Record (IOR) on the commercial invoice must be the person that purchased the alcohol and no other goods except alcohol can be included in the shipment. The consignee must have a permit for any shipment over 0.5% (alcohol by volume). There is a levy that is applied on foreign alcohol and a maximum of 45 liters per day. Once cleared by the Societe des Alcools du Quebec (SAQ) UPS can deliver the shipment.
		Manitoba: Alcohol shipments can only be sent Air (Express or Express Saver). The Importer of Record (IOR) on the commercial invoice must be the person that purchased the alcohol and no other goods except alcohol can be included in the shipment. There is a levy that is applied on foreign alcohol, but there is no limit on the amount that can be imported. During the clearance process the IOR will be required to pay any outstanding fees, and once paid to the authorities and UPS has this approval the shipment can be delivered.
		Ontario: Alcohol shipments can be sent using ground or air services. The Importer of Record (IOR) on the commercial invoice is the Liquor Control Board of Ontario (LCBO) care of (c/o) the consignee and no other goods except alcohol can be included in the shipment. There is a maximum of 45 liters of alcohol which can be imported per day and there is a levy that is applied on foreign alcohol. Proof of payment is also required to be submitted to UPS Supply Chain Solutions® Customs Brokerage and any outstanding duties and taxes must be paid by the consignee before a shipment can be delivered.
		UPS cannot deliver to New Brunswick, Newfoundland, Northwest Territories, Nova Scotia, Nunavut, Prince Edward Island, Saskatchewan and Yukon.
Cayman Islands Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	The consignee must possess a Liquor Distribution License and a valid Trade & Business License.	Maximum of 2 liters per shipment.
Chile Wine only to B2B	Imports may be reviewed by the SAG (Agricultural government agency)	UPS does not serve.
Wine only to B2B. No beer or spirits (liquor) or B2C.	Up to 24 bottles of the same type can be cleared without resolution, otherwise customer must have special resolution to import	

	Shipping to Businesses	Shipping to Consumers
Country	Guidelines for Shipping to Businesses (Licensees)	Guidelines for Shipping to Individuals (Consumers)
China	Shipper and Consignee must be approved UPS accounts.	Invoice with valid consignee's contact name, cell phone number and
Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Shipper and consignee companies must register product with China Inspection & Quarantine (CIQ) and get import permit record number	email address: Power Of Attorney (POA) with consignee's signature (Merchandise)
	(Products must be registered individually and only once).	description in Chinese)
	Refer to CIQ website: http://ire.eciq.cn/ Provide:	Purchase order copy (to show the value) Color copy of Consignee's Personal ID (Chinese Citizen; front and
	• Certificate of Origin	back) or Passport Photo, Visa and Entry Pages (Foreign National Residing in China)
	Canned Certification (to prove the packing type)	China customs has their own pricing list for wine.
	Power Of Attorney (POA) with consignee's signature (Merchandise description in Chinese)	Alcohol % below 12%, and below 750ml/bottle, the value is RMB100/bottle (10 bottles maximum).
	 Labels must be in color For Distilled wine, plasticizer test report is required and DBP, DEHP, 	Alcohol % greater than 12%, but less than or equal to 22%, and below 750ml/bottle, the value is RMB200/bottle (5 bottles maximum).
	DINP must be included in the report	Must be of a reasonable quantity for personal consumption. Based on actual value:
		For multiple items, the maximum value is RMB1,000 (800 RMB from HK/MO), i.e., if the actual value is RMB300 per bottle, 3 bottles will be the maximum number.
		If the actual value exceeds RMB1,000, it must be of a shipment with single item only.
Colombia	Provide:	UPS does not serve.
Wine only to B2B. No	• Import license/permit	
beer or spirits (liquor) or B2C.	• Sanitary Certificate	
OI BZC.	Authorization Form DIAN	
	All bottles must have label from origin with the inscription:	
	"Exclusively for import to the Colombian Republic"	
	UPS can only serve sample shipments. All non-samples must be sent using cargo service.	
Costa Rica	Provide:	UPS does not serve.
Wine only to B2B. No	• Import license	of 3 does not serve.
beer or spirits (liquor)	Health permit	
or B2C.	• Inspection required at import	
	An alcoholic beverage import permit issued by the Ministry of Health in	
	Costa Rica is required. If you do not have the permits, your merchandise will be stored at a Customs warehouse until you obtain the permits.	
Croatia	Provide:	UPS does not serve.
Wine only to B2B. No	• Import license/permit	of 3 does not serve.
beer or spirits (liquor) or B2C.		
Cyprus	Alcoholic beverages can't be sold and delivered to under-aged	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
Beer, wine and spirits	persons (17 years). The consignor is responsible to verify the age of the consignee prior to shipping.	
(liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the	
	European Union.	
Czech Republic	Spirits with an alcoholic strength exceeding 15% and sold in retail	Private importers can import small amounts of spirits for their own
Beer, wine and spirits	containers need a fiscal mark/excise stamp. The Czech re-seller (importer) is responsible to get the fiscal stamps and have them	consumption without tax stamps. Excise duty has to be paid with the import clearance.
(liquor) to B2B and B2C.	adjusted to the bottles. They have to apply for a permission to import alcohol and when granted have to buy the tax stamps. The tax stamps must be sent to the shipper/producer who has to affix the stamps to the bottles.	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
	Alcoholic beverages cannot be sold and delivered to under-aged persons (18 years). The consignor is responsible to verify the age of the consignee prior to shipping.	
	Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the European Union.	

	Shipping to Businesses	Shipping to Consumers
Country	Guidelines for Shipping to Businesses (Licensees)	Guidelines for Shipping to Individuals (Consumers)
Denmark	A transit in bond from the port of entry to the customer or his broker is not an option.	Private importers can import alcohol in small quantities for their personal consumption without being registered.
Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Commercial importers must be registered to import alcoholic beverages.	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
	Alcoholic beverages cannot be sold and delivered to under-aged persons (18 years for alcohol of 16.5% and above, 16 years for alcohol below 16.5%). The consignor is responsible to verify the age of the consignee prior to shipping.	
	Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the European Union.	
Dominican Republic Beer, wine and spirits	Provide: Import license/permit All shipments must be cleared as formal entries	Sanitary registration is required and shall be obtained prior to manufacture, production, importation, packaging, storage,
(liquor) to B2B and B2C.		transportation, promotion, distribution and use of any such products.
	Farman and an and an analysis of Cartification	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B only. No B2C.	Formal entry and pre-authorization Certificate is needed.	UPS does not serve.
El Salvador	Documents additional to the invoice	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
Beer, wine and spirits	• Price list	
(liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Certificate of Free Sale	
	Health permit	
	• Degrees of alcohol	
	NIT registered in the customs system	
Finland Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	The contractual service covers the customs clearance of alcohol at the port of entry where duty, VAT and excise duty are paid. The customs clearance of alcohol for free circulation with a subsequent transport of alcohol under the excise duty suspension regime is the regular process for commercial importers. The commercial importer is responsible for key entry declaring the transport under excise duty suspension within the respective system (EMCS – Excise Movement and Control System). Payment of excise duty with the customs declaration is an option.	Private importers can import alcohol in small quantities for their personal consumption without having a permit. There is no fixed threshold what amount of the various kinds of alcoholic beverages of is accepted for "personal consumption." Private individuals have to pay the excise duty directly to the customs office if the consignor didn't pay it already. If customs do not accept the amount of alcohol for private consumption the shipment is considered to be a commercial import. The goods need to be returned or abandoned.
	The customs clearance in Finland and the subsequent transport to another EU member state is not part of the service.	to be returned or abandoned.
	Alcoholic beverages can't be sold and delivered to under-aged persons (18 years for alcohol up to 22% alcohol, 20 years for alcohol above 22% of alcohol). The consignor is responsible to verify the age of the consignee prior to shipping.	
	Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the European Union.	
France Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Duty, VAT and excise duty must be paid at port of customs clearance. Excise duty applies usually on the amount of beverage and the percentage of alcohol. A customs clearance of alcohol for free circulation with a subsequent transport of alcohol under the excise duty suspension regime is not possible. The customs clearance in France and the subsequent transport to another EU member state is not permitted. The maximum amount of alcoholic beverages per consignee is 10 liters of spirits or liquor, 90 liters of wine, 20 liters of intermediate products, 60 liters for sparkling wine, and 100 liters for beer. NOTE: Each shipment transported by UPS shall not exceed 100 liters. The UPS Brokerage clearance of alcoholic beverages is a nonroutine entry; additional charges apply. Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
	European Union.	

	Shipping to Businesses	Shipping to Consumers
Country	Guidelines for Shipping to Businesses (Licensees)	Guidelines for Shipping to Individuals (Consumers)
Germany Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B. Wine only B2C no beer or liquor (spirits).	Shipping of wine and wine products are not part of the international service (only allowed domestically and within the European Union). The delivery of spirits or liquor to persons under the age of 18 is not allowed. The delivery of other alcoholic beverages to persons under the age of 16 is also not allowed. The shipper or seller is responsible to check the age of the buyer. Alcoholic beverages are subject to excise duty. Excise duty applies usually on the amount of beverage and the percentage of alcohol. The following information must be shown on the invoice: % alcohol + quantity in Liters + clear description of the product. Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the European Union.	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
Greece Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Commercial importers must be registered to import alcoholic beverages. Import clearance of commercial alcohol shipments can be done at two authorized customs offices. The alcohol shipments must be sent under bond to these customs offices and cleared by the brokers of the registered importers. Alcoholic beverages can't be sold and delivered to under-aged persons (18 years). The consignor is responsible to verify the age of the consignee prior to shipping. For wine shipments, no certificate or analysis report need to be presented for products originating in and exported from third countries in labeled containers of not more than five liters fitted with a non-reusable closing device where the total quantity transported, whether or not made up of separate consignments, does not exceed 100 liters. Wine shipments requiring or accompanied by certificates or analysis reports can't be cleared by UPS. Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the European Union.	Private importers can import limited quantities of alcohol for their personal consumption without a license. The limit is three bottles of alcoholic beverages. The clearance will be done on behalf of the private importer. Duty, VAT and excise duty applies. Higher amount of wine can be seen as commercial imports which can only be imported by registered companies. Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
Guatemala Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Importer is required to have an import permit. Customs must be notified of the importation of alcohol. If not informed customer may be fined USD 5,000 for not declaring.	Amount is restricted to 2 bottles per importer. Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
Haiti Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B only. No B2C.	Formal entry and pre-authorization certificate is needed.	UPS does not serve.
Honduras Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B only. No B2C.	No UPS WorldShip® invoices accepted. • Health Permit • Degrees of alcohol • Import License • Phytosanitary • Harm Code • Full Description of the goods • Duty is paid based on the alcohol content amount Importer must be the legal representative of the brand in HN (If is not free for sale)	UPS does not serve.
Hong Kong Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	For alcohol with an alcoholic strength of more than 30% by volume measured at a temperature of 20°C, provide: • Import license/permit If the alcohol volume is below 30% permit is not required.	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
Hungary Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B. No B2C.	A transit in bond from the port of entry to the customer or his broker is not an option. Commercial importers must be licensed to import alcoholic beverages. Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the European Union.	UPS does not serve.
Iceland Wine only to B2B. No beer or spirits (liquor). No B2C.	Special permit needed for shipments containing over 80% proof alcohol.	UPS does not serve.

	Shipping to Businesses	Shipping to Consumers
Country	Guidelines for Shipping to Businesses (Licensees)	Guidelines for Shipping to Individuals (Consumers)
India Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Importer must provide: State excise import license Certificate from Health Officer (Inspection required at Import) No import of alcoholic beverages into the following states will be accepted: Gujarat; Bihar; Nagaland; Union Territory of Lakshadweep; and Kerala	The term Gift or Sample must be mentioned in the invoice for shipment of gift and/or sample. Value of the shipment must be below INR 10,000 in order to file for duty-free clearance. Importer must obtain an Import Export Code issued by Director General of Foreign Trade, Ministry of Commerce. No shipments of alcoholic beverages into the following states will be accepted: Gujarat; Bihar; Nagaland; Union Territory of Lakshadweep; and Kerala The consignee and/or intended recipients of the consignment must be above 25 years of age. Each consignment of alcoholic beverages cannot exceed 70 kgs in weight. Import duty will not be levied on alcoholic beverages not exceeding 2 liters in volume in total per consignment.
Israel Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B only. No B2C.	Provide: • Import license/permit Maximum 2 liters per shipment. A larger amount requires an approval/certification by the Israeli Health Ministry and full description of contents including percentage of alcohol on commercial invoice.	UPS does not serve.
Italy Wine only B2B and B2C. Beer and spirits (liquor) B2B only.	The UPS service is limited to the import of wine and sparkling wine up to 15% alcohol where no excise duty applies (0% excise duty rate). Alcoholic beverages where excise duty applies can not be cleared at the UPS import sites. Commercial importers must provide a health permit to import alcohol. Alcoholic beverages can't be sold and delivered to under-aged persons (18 years). The consignor is responsible to verify the age of the consignee prior to shipping. For wine shipments, no certificate or analysis report need to be presented for products originating in and exported from third countries in labeled containers of not more than five liters fitted with a non-reusable closing device where the total quantity transported, whether or not made up of separate consignments, does not exceed 100 liters. Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the European Union.	Private importers can import wine for their personal consumption without a health permit. Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
Jamaica Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Spirit pool license required & formal entry.	No permit required for personal quantities.
Japan Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Importer must provide: • Declaration on importation of food, etc. to a quarantine station holding jurisdiction over the importing area Import for resale — Importer must: • Obtain a license under the provisions of Liquor Tax Law The receptacles of the wine must bear an indication enabling the bottler to be identified. For more information refer to: http://www.customs.go.jp/english/c-answer_e/kojin/3105_e.htm	The invoice must specify that the alcohol is for "personal use" and not for resale. Shipment weight shall not exceed 10kg. For more information refer to: http://www.customs.go.jp/english/c-answer_e/kojin/3105_e.htm
Liechtenstein Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Same as guidelines for Switzerland.	Same as guidelines for Switzerland.
Luxembourg Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Alcoholic beverages can't be sold and delivered to under-aged persons (16 years). The consignor is responsible to verify the age of the consignee prior to shipping. Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the European Union.	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).

	Shipping to Businesses	Shipping to Consumers
Country	Guidelines for Shipping to Businesses (Licensees)	Guidelines for Shipping to Individuals (Consumers)
Macau Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C	Shipments/importations of alcoholic beverages with a level of alcohol by volume ("ABV") over 30% are subject to an importation license issued by the Macau Economic Services.	Shipments/importations of alcoholic beverages with a level of alcohol by volume ("ABV") over 30% are subject to an importation license issued by the Macau Economic Services. Personal purchase: Reasonable Quantity (Guideline for wine should be up to MOP5000).
Malaysia Beer and wine only to B2B. No spirits (liquor) or B2C.	For Wine and Beer only. Importer must provide: • Import license/permit	UPS does not serve.
Malta Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Commercial importers (re-seller) must buy tax stamps after the customs clearance to pay the excise duty. The tax stamps have to be affixed to the bottles. For wine shipments, no certificate or analysis report need be presented for products originating in and exported from third countries in labeled containers of not more than five liters fitted with a non-reusable closing device where the total quantity transported, whether or not made up of separate consignments, does not exceed 100 liters. Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the European Union.	Private importers who import alcohol for their own consumption can pay the excise duty with the import declaration, together with VAT and duty.
Martinique Wine only to B2B. No beer or spirits (liquor) or B2C.	"ACQUIS DE LA REGIE": country document specifying the name of the beverage (e.g., liquor or aperitif), the composition and the degree of pure alcohol.	UPS does not serve.
Mexico Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	The consignee must be registered in the Taxpayers Registry of Alcoholic Drinks to then get register in the Sectorial Import License for Alcoholic Drinks. There is no limit for beverage with less than 24% alcohol. Shipments containing 24%+ of alcohol cannot be marketed as a beverage. There is a maximum of 5 liters for shipments containing 24-70% alcohol and shipments exceeding 70% alcohol are not permitted.	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
Monaco Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Same as guidelines for France.	Same as guidelines for France.
Morocco Beer, Wine & only B2B, Spirits & B2C (Not allowed)	UPS Can deliver shipment below city in Morocco Rabat, Sale, Temara, Kenitra, Casablanca, Settat, Mohammedia, Fes, Marrakech, Mekness, Agadir, Tanger, Tetouan (subject to Postal code please reach out country) Import are prohibited from country of Origin Israel Document for import clearance • National Food Safety • Certificate of Origin Commercial Invoice must include • Country or Origin • Type of Alcohol • Quantity of Bottle • Volume for each Container Restriction from the courier regarding the transportation of ISC Alcohol is the level of alcohol must not be over 24%. Import Duty 49.5% + 20 % VAT + 805 MAD per Hectoliter Volume ISC Alcohol Service Is Open Only From Day 1 To 5	Personal Shipment: the private or commercial imported is determined by customs, depending on the quantity

	Shipping to Businesses	Shipping to Consumers
Country	Guidelines for Shipping to Businesses (Licensees)	Guidelines for Shipping to Individuals (Consumers)
Netherlands Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	A transit in bond from the port of entry to the customer or his broker is not an option. The delivery of alcoholic beverages with more than 0.5% alcohol to persons under the age of 18 is not allowed. The shipper or seller is responsible to check the age of the buyer. The following information must be shown on the invoice: % alcohol + quantity in Liters + clear description of the product. Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the European Union.	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
Netherlands Antilles Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	No import limit. Import duties are assessed per liter dependent on the percentage of alcohol per bottle. Some brands that already have a representative on the island may not be imported by individuals. It is highly recommended to send a sample for inspection in case it is a new brand.	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
New Zealand Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	No additional requirements.	Personal purchase — no known limit.
Nicaragua Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B. No B2C.	Need health and agricultural ministry permission. The company must be registered (tax id, fiscal solvency, import license)	UPS does not serve.
Norway Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Spirits with an alcoholic strength exceeding 60% are prohibited. Companies are allowed to import any quantity of alcohol if they can provide an import license issued by the Norwegian Directorate for the Prevention of Alcohol & Drug Problems. Alcoholic beverages are subject to high excise duty rates. There is no low value threshold or gift exemption on alcoholic beverages. Alcoholic beverages must always be declared in a formal entry declaration. Duty, VAT and excise duty applies. Alcoholic beverages can't be sold and delivered to under-aged persons (18 years for wine and beer, 20 years for alcoholic beverages with more than 22% alcohol). The consignor is responsible to verify the age of the consignee prior to shipping. Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the European Union.	Private individuals can import alcoholic beverages without a license for their private consumption only. Resale is not allowed. Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
Paraguay Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	INAN Certificate is needed / Importer Registration	INAN Certificate is needed and value limit is USD 100.
Peru Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	DIGESA Certificate is needed.	The product must have a prior Sanitary Registration; then the consignee can ask for DIGESA Certificate. Each import shipment cannot be more than 3 liters and/or USD 2,000.

	Shipping to Businesses	Shipping to Consumers
Country	Guidelines for Shipping to Businesses (Licensees)	Guidelines for Shipping to Individuals (Consumers)
Philippines Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Importer must provide: Import license/permit Additional documentations for Spirits: BRN (Bank Reference Number) and TIN (Tax Identification Number) for registered Importer e-ATRIG (Electronic-Authority to Release Imported Goods). Consignee must be registered with BIR as Importer/Distributor of Alcoholic Beverages MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheet) ITO (License to Operate) from FDA (Food and Drugs Administration) CPR (Certificate of Product Registration) from FDA	Quantity must be of reasonable quantity. Only one bottle for each kind of alcoholic beverage. Consignee is required to provide a request letter to Customs if the shipment value exceed USD 500
Poland Wine only to B2B. No beer or spirits (liquor) or B2C.	Alcoholic beverages can only be imported by businesses. A license is needed if the importer is selling alcoholic beverages. No certificate or analysis report need be presented for products originating in and exported from third countries in labeled containers of not more than five liters fitted with a non-reusable closing device where the total quantity transported, whether or not made up of separate consignments, does not exceed 100 liters. Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the European Union.	Private persons are not allowed to import alcoholic beverages. The only exemption are gift shipments sent by one private individual to another. The limits accepted as gifts are two liters of still wine and one liter of sparkling wine or spirits.
Portugal Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Importer must provide: • VI-1 form is for non-U.S. origin wine • Simplified Certification and Analysis Document is for U.S. origin wine Imports of alcoholic beverages are highly restricted. A sanitary inspection must be done prior to customs clearance. A sanitary inspection will require: • Certificate of Analysis provided by the shipper • Certificate of Origin • Import license from the Instituto do Vinho e da Vinha (Portugal Wine Institute) • Importer registration in the EU. Brokerage charges may apply and an import delay of 2-3 days may occur. Up to one liter of any kind of beverage, the import will be accepted without an import license and a Certificate of Analysis.	Importer must provide: • Certificate of Origin • Additional customs forms may be required from the consignee to customs clear the shipment Personal purchase — reasonable quantity guideline is six (6) bottles of 750ml.
Romania Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Commercial importers must be licensed to import alcoholic beverages. Alcoholic beverages can't be sold and delivered to under-aged persons (18 years). The consignor is responsible to verify the age of the consignee prior to shipping. Excise duty on spirits must be paid with tax stamps. The consignor must buy the tax stamps from the Romanian Ministry of Finance where they have to be registered. The tax stamps must be affixed to the bottles prior to shipping. For wine shipments, no certificate or analysis report need to be presented for products originating in and exported from third countries in labeled containers of not more than five liters fitted with a non-reusable closing device where the total quantity transported, whether or not made up of separate consignments, does not exceed 100 liters. Wine shipments requiring or accompanied by certificates or analysis reports can't be cleared by UPS. Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the European Union.	Private importers can import alcohol in small quantities for their personal consumption without a license. Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).
Serbia Wine only to B2B. No beer or spirits (liquor) or B2C. Singapore Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Importer must provide: Import license/permit Excise and/or bond form Ingredient analysis list Wine "quality certificate" Manufacture process list Importer must provide prior to shipment's arrival: Import license/permit from Agri-Foods & Veterinary Authority of Singapore (AVA) regardless of the quantity Information listed in the Description for the invoice Invoice must include harmonized code	UPS does not serve. The invoice must specify: • The wine is for "personal use, not for resale" and indicate the type wine. • In addition to information listed in the "Description" for the invoice, the invoice must include harmonized code. The total quantity of alcohol per shipment shall not exceed 5 liters. If the quantity exceeds 5 liters, importer must obtain an import permit from Agri-veterinary Authority Food.

	Shipping to Businesses	Shipping to Consumers
Country	Guidelines for Shipping to Businesses (Licensees)	Guidelines for Shipping to Individuals (Consumers)
Slovenia Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	A transit in bond from the port of entry to the customer or his broker is not an option. Commercial importers must be registered to import alcoholic beverages. Alcoholic beverages can't be sold and delivered to under-aged persons (18 years). The consignor is responsible to verify the age of the consignee prior to shipping. Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the European Union.	Private importers can import alcohol in small quantities for their personal consumption without a registration. There are no fixed thresholds what customs accept as amounts for "personal consumption."
South Africa Beer and wine only to B2B and B2C. No spirits (liquor).	Importer must provide: • Import license/permit • VI-1 form • Simplified Certification and Analysis Document • Sanitary clearance	Gift shipments must not exceed 2 liters and must not exceed R400.00 in value otherwise duties and taxes are payable. Personal Effects shipments are restricted to 2 liters and duties and taxes are payable. Shipments exceeding these amounts will receive close scrutiny by the South African Revenue Service.
South Korea Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Importer/Consignee must provide: Import license/permit Date of production Food quarantine will be required.	The invoice must specify that the alcohol is for "personal use, not for resale." Alcoholic beverages shall be packaged in appropriate receptacles of less than 1 liter each. The receptacles of the alcohol must bear an indication enabling the bottler to be identified. It can be cleared without quarantine if for personal consumption only and it is limited to 1 bottle (1 liter).
Sweden Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B. No B2C.	Import is only allowed for registered importers of wine and spirits (Skatteupplagshavare). Alcohol sent to companies not registered for the importation of alcohol, will be returned at the shipper's expense. Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the European Union.	UPS does not serve.
Switzerland Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	The importation of wine for commercial purposes is only allowed by licensed importers. Spirits are subject to excise duty.	Private individuals can import alcoholic beverages without a license. Spirits are subject to excise duty.
Taiwan Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	If invoice value over USD 1,000, Importer must provide import license/permit from the National Treasury Administration, Ministry of Finance. Whiskey imports requires Certificate of Origin. Whiskey needs to provide COO.	A photocopy of the alcohol importer license or an approval issued by the Ministry of Finance is required, provided that the importation quantity exceeds 5 liters – this is for B2B and B2C Because an alcohol importer license is required for quantity exceeding 5 liters, B2C shipments must stay below this limit – otherwise, the shipment has to be returned to the shipper or abandoned
Thailand Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	For shipments greater than 10 liters, importer must provide: • Import license/permit • Excise and/or bond forms • Ingredient analysis • Manufacture Process list	To import, a license is required from the Excise Department (>=10 liters) as well as an excised stamp for each bottle. Import duty includes excise tax, municipal tax and other fees. Customs will inspect for import license and excise stamp.
Trinidad and Tobago Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B. No B2C.	Consignees must be customs registered. Labeled sample of wine, beer or spirit must be imported for inspection, registration and approval at Ministry of Health (Chemistry Food and Drugs division). Sample must be accompanied by an invoice with minimum value and note stating sample for inspection purposes.	UPS does not serve.
Turkey Wine only to B2B. No beer or spirits (liquor) or B2C.	Importer must provide: • Import license/permit Only commercial companies are able to obtain permit.	UPS does not serve.
United Kingdom Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	Spirits with an alcoholic strength exceeding 35% ABV sold in retail containers of 35 cl. and above need a fiscal mark/excise stamp. The consignor is responsible to get registered for tax stamps, buy them and adjust them to the bottles. Alcoholic beverages cannot be sold and delivered to under-aged persons (18 years). The consignor is responsible to verify the age of the consignee prior to shipping. Please see Common Requirements (page 5) when shipping to the European Union.	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).

328 Beer, wind and spirits (liquor). Application of the properties of the propertie	Shipping to Businesses		Shipping to Consumers	
322 Bezr vinia and spirits (liquor). 323 Wine and bear only he passing for the properties of the prope	Country	Guidelines for Shipping to Businesses (Licensees)		
IDS does not accept packages containing whe, beer or spirits for deflower to account only no spirits for deflower to account Manager. White and beer shipment so does not accept the shipping to individuals (Consumers) section.) It is the responsibility of the shipper to ensure that a shipment tendered to great season the shipping shipper to ensure that a shipment tendered to great shipping shipper to great a shipment tendered to great and beer shipment shows the shipping shipper to ensure that a shipment tendered to great and beer shipment shows the shipping shipper to ensure that a shipment tendered to great and beer shipment shipping shipper to ensure that a shipment tendered to great the shipping shipper to great shipping shi	B2B: Beer, wine and	consignee must be licensed and authorized to receive the alcoholic	Wine and beer only for unaccompanied baggage shipments. No B2C for liquor (Spirits).	
Daggage of wine and beer silipments to certain states allowed by State's laws. Unaccompanied baggage silipments of wine and beer must be purchased in person by the Consignee while advanced by State's laws. Unaccompanied begaged with the state of local laws, or other of wine and beer must be purchased in person by the Consignee while advanced wine can only be sent to 28 approved states and the District of Columbia (D.C.) Beer can only be sent to 28 approved states and the District of Columbia (D.C.) Beer can only be sent to 28 approved states and the District of Columbia (D.C.) Beer can only be sent to 8 approved states and the District of Columbia (D.C.) Beer states and the District of Columbia (D.C.) A UPS approved the District of Columbia (D.C.) Beer states and the District of Columbia (D.C.) A UPS approved the District of Columbia (D.C.) A UPS approved through through the District of Columbia (D.C.) A UPS approved through through the District of Columbia	B2C: Wine and beer only - no spirits (liquor).	delivery to a consumer (except wine and beer sent as unaccompanied baggage as described in the Shipping to Individuals [Consumers]	The quantity limits for each unaccompanied baggage wine shipment is listed for each approved state below (28 approved states and the	
Hawaii: 19 liters Pennsylvania: 3.7 liters Illinois: No quantity limitation Rhode Island: No quantity limitation lowa: 4 liters South Carolina: No quantity limitation Louisiana: No quantity limitation Tennessee: 18.9 liters Maine: 11.3 liters Washington: 3.7 liters Michigan: No quantity limitation Washington D.C.: 8.5 liters/calendar n Missouri: 18.9 liters Unaccompanied baggage shipments of beer are not accepted to: Alabama, Arkansas, California, Idaho, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Maryland, Minnesota, Mississippi, Montana, Nebrask New Jersey, North Carolina, Oregon, South Dakota, Texas, Utah, Verm	only - no spirits (liquor). Available for unaccompanied baggage of wine and beer shipments to certain states allowed by states' laws. Unaccompanied baggage shipments of wine and beer must be purchased in person by the consignee while abroad. Wine can only be sent to 28 approved states and the District of Columbia (D.C.). Beer can only be sent to 26 approved states and the District of Columbia (D.C.) A UPS approved U.S. Import Unaccompanied Baggage Wine Affidavit and a U.S. Import Unaccompanied Baggage Beer Affidavit must be signed by the consumer and accompany the international documentation. The affidavit is available from the local UPS	baggage as described in the Shipping to Individuals [Consumers] section). It is the responsibility of the shipper to ensure that a shipment tendered to UPS does not violate any U.S. federal, state or local laws, or other	The quantity limits for each unaccompanied bis listed for each approved state below (28 ap District of Columbia (D.C.): Alaska™: No quantity limitation New Mexicolorado™: No quantity limitation New Mexicolorado™: No quantity limitation North Care Florida: 3.7 liters North Care Florida: 3.7 liters North Care Florida: 3.7 liters Ohio: 4.51 Hawaii™: 19 liters Ohio: 4.51 Hawaii™: 19 liters Ohio: 4.51 Hawaii™: 19 liters Ohio: 4.51 Howaia: No quantity limitation Pennsylva Indiana: 18 liters South Care Louisiana: No quantity limitation Tennessee Michigan™: No quantity limitation Washingto Missouri: 18.9 liters Unaccompanied baggage shipments of wine: Alabama, Arkansas, California, Idaho, Kansas, Nassachusetts, Minnesota, Mississisppi, Monta Oregon, South Dakota, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Nwisconsin, and Wyoming. It is the responsibility of the shipper to ensure to UPS does not violate any U.S. federal, state regulations applicable to the shipment. **No Delivery not permitted to "dry" areas. See he alaska.gov/web/amco/ for FAQ C1 18.9 liters permitted per consignee per 365 C0 See https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/site Personal%2Liquor%20.pdf GA Quantity limited to 1.89 liters if excise tax has been paid. **H Permitted to receive a single shipment from consignee receives permit; see http://www.bfsliq/onlineforms/pdf/LIQ-LIC-112_Indivi Receive_Shipments_of_Liquor_4-16-18.pd Mi Requires purchase to have been made while 48 consecutive hours. **Permitted to receive a single shipment from consignee: receives permit; see http://www.bfsliq/onlineforms/pdf/LIQ-LIC-112_Indivi Receive_Shipments_of_Liquor_4-16-18.pd Mi Requires purchase to have been made while 48 consecutive hours. **Permitted to receive a single shipment from consignee: No quantity limitation New Mexicoloraci Itas liters New Ham: Ohio: 8.51 Georgia: 17 liters New Ham: Ohio: 8.51 Georgia: 17 liters New Ham: Ohio: 8.51 Georgia: 17 liters New Ham: Ohio: 8.51 Unaccompanied baggage shipments of beer a Alabama, Indiano, Indiana, Indiano, Indiana, Indian	proved states and the lo quantity limitations pshire: 2.8 liters co: No quantity limitation olina: 8 liters stata: No quantity limitation liters/30 days a: 1 liter min: 3.7 liters mod: No quantity limitation olina: No puantity limitation olina: Nobraska, New Jersey, Virginia, West Virginia, olina: Nobraska, olina: Selfenult/files/ olina: Nobraska is abroad for olina: No quantity limitation

Shipping to Businesses		Shipping to Consumers	
Country	Guidelines for Shipping to Businesses (Licensees)	Guidelines for Shipping to Individuals (Consumers)	
Uruguay Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B only. No B2C.	DINAMA Importer Registration and LATU Certification, sample analysis needed to obtain.	UPS does not serve.	
Venezuela Beer, wine and spirits (liquor) to B2B and B2C.	The merchandise must be covered by Legal Regimes 5 and 12 which refer to the Sanitary Certificate of the country of origin and the Sanitary Register issued by the Venezuelan Ministry of Popular Power with competence in health matters.	Same as Shipping to Businesses (Licensees).	



Have questions or want additional information on how to expand to new markets?

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